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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	,	FIRST NAMED INVEN	TOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/030,469	08/12/2002		Gerhard Koelle		1909	9183
759	90 05/26/2004	٠.		•	EXAMI	NER
Striker Striker					NATALINI, JEF	F WILLIAM
103 East Neck F Huntington, NY		•			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				4.0	2858	
		•		*.	DATE MAILED: 05/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/030,469	KOELLE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
; }	Jeff Natalini	2858
The MAILING DATE of this communication ion for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address
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A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT		NONTH(S) FROM
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. 	on.	
 If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory 	s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO	NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the	statute, cause the application to become A	BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	g ==== =: mic communication; of office	,,
itus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for a	llowance except for formal mat	tters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice ur	nder <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
position of Claims		• 1
•	dian.	
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the applica	t control of the cont	•
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	indiawn from consideration.	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.	•	
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9</u> is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
plication Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 August 2002</u> is	s/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ o	bjected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by t	the Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.
ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	preian priority under 35 H.S.C.	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	neigh phonty under 33 0.3.C.	g 119(a)-(a) or (i).
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received	
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docu		Application No.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the		
application from the International E		
* See the attached detailed Office action for	* **	t received.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/8/02. U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Attachment(s)

Period for Reply

Status

Disposition of Claims

Application Papers

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

Claim Objections

- 1. Claim 1 objected to because of the following informalities:
 - The preamble of the claim contains "for example" this is not specific claim language and it is unclear as to what is claimed. It is assumed that the applicant is giving an example of a possible embodiment of the present invention and the claim will be treated on the merits on all statements including and following the phrase "characterized in that".
 - "can be" on line 5 of the claim is indefinite claim language though will be treated on the merits.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 9 objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend on any other multiple dependent claim (multiple dependent claim 9 depends on multiple dependent claim 8). See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claim has not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 6, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tanaka et al. (4874993).

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In regard to claim 1, Tanaka et al. discloses a method for ascertaining the pole wheel position in electrical machines characterized in that by means of switch elements (Fig 1(1); Abstract first sentence), a split into two branches can be produced (col 2 line 41-45, Fig 2(La, Lb can form two branches)), in which the respective branch voltage curves are measured (col 3 line 45-60), the superposition of which permits the pole wheel position to be definitely ascertained (col 2 line 29-32).

In regard to claim 2, Tanaka et al. discloses the method characterized in that the voltage source is an alternating voltage source (col 3 line 39-43) with a voltage curve that changes over time (Fig 4a).

In regard to claim 3, Tanaka et al. discloses the method characterized in that the voltage source is an alternating voltage source (col 3 line 39-43) with a sinusoidal voltage curve (Fig 4a).

In regard to claim 6, Tanaka et al. discloses the method in that in the first switch position, the voltage curve is measured (col 3 line 45-60) in an inner branch (col 2 line 31-32, representing windings in coil La and voltage Ea).

In regard to claim 7, Tanaka et al. discloses the method in that in the second switch position, the voltage curve is measured (col 3 line 45-60) in an inner branch (col 2 line 31-32, representing windings in coil Lb and voltage Eb).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka et al. (4874993) in view of Huggett et al. (5949204).

Tanaka et al. lacks a method that teaches having the windings of the stator wired in a star-shaped circuit.

Huggett et al. teaches using three windings of the stator to form a star shape circuit (Fig 1 (A,B,C)).

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for Tanaka et al. to use the teaching of Huggett et al. to incorporate the use of three windings forming a star shaped circuit in the stator in order to allow the production of a "rotating" magnetic field when a current is flowed sequentially through any set of two windings (col 1 line 63-68) allowing a voltage measurement across a conducting winding and/or a non conducting winding.

Claim 5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka et al. (4874993) in view of Antognini et al. (5194787).

Tanaka et al. lacks a method that teaches having the windings of the stator wired in a triangular circuit.

Antognini et al. teaches using three windings to form a triangular shaped circuit (Fig 3 (A1, B1, C1)).

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It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for Tanaka et al. in view of Antognini et al. to incorporate a triangular shaped circuit containing three windings in the stator in order for all windings to be supplied in power at each supply state of the motor (col 1 line 31-35).

Claims 8/6 and 8/7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka et al. (4874993) in view of Dunfield (5028852).

Tanaka lacks a method characterized in that the rotor position for each of the voltage curves is stored in tabular form and can be transferred to similar electrical machines.

Dunfield teaches a method characterized in that the rotor position is clearly defined in a table of results (Abstract last two sentences), which can be incorporated in hardware memory or software memory (microprocessor) (col 7 line 28-33).

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for Tanaka et al. to incorporate a table controlled by a microprocessor (so that the data in the microprocessor can be duplicated/transferred into another microprocessor of a similar device) in view of Dunfield in order to provide a storage for all the reference values that are determined and compared to the detected value in finding the rotor position (this would be an added feature to the microprocessor that Tanaka et al. already disclose).

Art Unit: 2858

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeff Natalini whose telephone number is 571-272-2266.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, N. Le can be reached on 571-272-2233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeff Natalini

Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 2800